

THE EFFECT OF BASE AND SOLVENT ON α' - β ELIMINATION FROM SULFONIUM SALTS

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Recently we reported high trans/cis ratios (3.5 and 5.0, respectively) for the 2-pentene obtained from the reaction of 2- and 3-pentyl-dimethylsulfonium ions with potassium t-butoxide in t-butyl alcohol, in contrast to the below-unity ratios observed with most other base/solvent combinations.¹ We suggested that the high ratios might result from incursion of syn-E2 or α' - β^2 pathways. The only prior examples of α' - β eliminations from sulfonium salts involved tritylsodium as base under aprotic conditions,^{3,4} while hydroxide ion in water was reported to react with 2-phenylethyl-2,2-d₂-dimethylsulfonium ion entirely by the E2 mechanism.⁵

In order to test our explanation of the trans/cis ratios, we subjected 3-pentyl-2,2,4,4-d₄-dimethylsulfonium iodide to reaction with three different base/solvent systems, isolated the resulting methyl sulfide, purified it by glpc, and examined it for deuterium content in a mass spectrometer. After appropriate corrections, the abundance of methyl-d₁ sulfide represents the fraction of reaction occurring via the α' - β mechanism. The results are given in the Table.

Our speculation¹ is completely confirmed. There is little α' - β elimination with potassium n-butoxide in n-butyl alcohol, but it becomes the predominant mode of reaction with potassium t-butoxide in t-butyl alcohol or in 95% dimethyl

Table. The α' - β Mechanism in Eliminations from 3-Pentyl-2,2,4,4-d₄-dimethyl-sulfonium Iodide

<u>Base/Solvent^a</u>	<u>Percent α'-β^b</u>
n-BuOK/n-BuOH	1.7 \pm 0.3
t-BuOK/t-BuOH	65.2 \pm 0.6
t-BuOK/95 mole % DMSO, 5% t-BuOH	73.0 \pm 0.2

^aReaction mixture heated in a sealed tube at 35° for 24 hr. Base concentration was 0.3-0.35 M. ^bCorrected for 3.75 deuterium atoms per molecule in starting material and for natural abundance of the P + 1 peak of methyl sulfide. Each figure is the average of two or three experiments. Measurements were carried out on an Atlas CH-4 mass spectrometer at 70 eV.

sulfoxide - 5% t-butyl alcohol. These more basic media doubtless increase both the rate of formation and the equilibrium concentration of the sulfonium ylid, and both of these effects should favor the α' - β mechanism. We intend to explore further the roles of steric and electronic factors in the α' - β mechanism for sulfonium-salt eliminations.

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